

# KCL Problems

7. For the following circuit, use KCL to find:

1.  $V_A$

(3pts)

2.  $V_B$

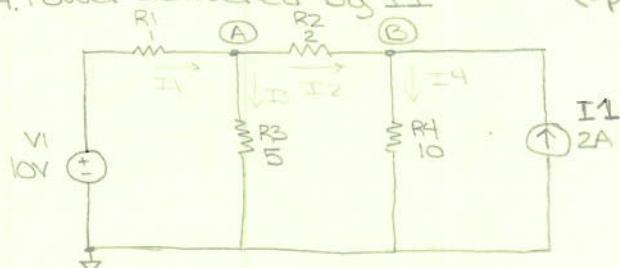
(3pts)

3. Power delivered by  $V_A$

(2pts)

4. Power delivered by  $I_1$

(2pts)



$KCL \Rightarrow \text{Current in} = \frac{1}{2} \text{ current out}$

Write currents in terms of voltages

$$I_1 = \frac{10 - V_A}{R_1} \quad I_2 = \frac{V_A - V_B}{R_2} \quad I_3 = \frac{V_A}{R_3} \quad I_4 = \frac{V_B}{R_4}$$

Node A

$$I_1 = I_3 + I_2$$

$$\left( \frac{10 - V_A}{R_1} = \frac{V_A}{R_3} + \frac{V_A - V_B}{R_2} \right) 10$$

$$10(10 - V_A) = 2V_A + (V_A - V_B) 5$$

$$100 - 10V_A = 2V_A + 5V_A - 5V_B$$

$$100 - 17V_A = -5V_B$$

$$V_B = \frac{17V_A - 100}{5}$$

Set two equations for  $V_B$  equal

$$\frac{17V_A - 100}{5} = \frac{5V_A + 20}{6} \quad \text{clear all fractions}$$

$$5(17V_A - 100) = 6(5V_A + 20)$$

$$25V_A + 100 = 102V_A - 600$$

$$700 = 77V_A$$

$$V_A = \frac{700}{77} = 9.09V$$

Solve for  $V_B$

$$V_B = \frac{5V_A + 20}{6}$$

$$V_B = \frac{5(9.09) + 20}{6}$$

$$V_B = 10.909V$$

Node B

$$I_2 + 2 = I_4$$

$$\left( \frac{V_A - V_B}{R_2} + 2 = \frac{V_B}{R_4} \right) 10$$

$$5(V_A - V_B) + 20 = V_B$$

$$5V_A - 5V_B + 20 = V_B$$

$$5V_A + 20 = 6V_B$$

$$V_B = \frac{5V_A + 20}{6}$$

Power delivered by  $V_A$  (positive number)

$$P = IV \text{ where } I = -I_1$$

$$P = (0.91)(10)$$

$$P = 9.1W \text{ delivered}$$

Power delivered by  $I_1$  (positive also)

$$P = IV \text{ where } V = V_B - 0$$

$$P = (2)(10.909)$$

$$P = 21.818W \text{ delivered}$$